



Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP) Report For Old Farm Road Water Trust

What is SWAP?

The Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP), established under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, requires every state to:

- ? Inventory land uses within the recharge areas of all public water supply sources;
- ? Assess the susceptibility of drinking water sources to contamination from these land uses; and
- ? Publicize the results to provide support for improved protection.

SWAP and Water Quality

Susceptibility of a drinking water source does *not* imply poor water quality. Actual water quality is best reflected by the results of regular water tests.

Water suppliers protect drinking water by monitoring for more than 100 chemicals, treating water supplies, and using source protection measures to ensure that safe water is delivered to the tap.

Prepared by the
Massachusetts Department of
Environmental Protection,
Bureau of Resource
Protection,
Drinking Water Program

Date Prepared:
February 20, 2001

Table 1: Public Water System (PWS) Information

PWS NAME	Old Farm Road Water Trust
PWS Address	12 Old Farm Road
City/Town	Dover, Massachusetts
PWS ID Number	3078001
Local Contact	Robert Freeman
Phone Number	(508) 785-8063

Well Name	Source ID#	Zone I (in feet)	IWPA (in feet)	Source Susceptibility
Drilled Well #1	3078001-01G	226	553	Moderate

Introduction

We are all concerned about the quality of the water we drink. Drinking water wells may be threatened by many potential contaminant sources, including septic systems, road salting, and improper disposal of hazardous materials. Citizens and local officials can work together to better protect these drinking water sources.

Purpose of this report:

This report is a planning tool to support local and state efforts to improve water supply protection. By identifying land uses within water supply protection areas that may be potential contaminant sources, the assessment helps focus protection efforts on appropriate best management practices (BMPs) and drinking water source protection measures. Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) staff are available to provide information about funding and other resources that may be available to your community.

This report includes:

1. Description of the Water System
2. Discussion of Land Uses within Protection Areas
3. Recommendations for Protection
4. Attachments, including a Map of the Protection Areas

1. Description of the Water System

The well for the Old Farm Road Water Trust is located in a wooded area approximately 250 feet north of #17 Old Farm Road. Drilled Well #1 has a Zone I radius of 226 feet and an Interim Wellhead Protection Area (IWPA) radius of 553 feet. The well is located in an aquifer with a high vulnerability to contamination due to the absence of hydrogeologic barriers that can prevent contaminant migration. Please refer to the attached map of the Zone I and IWPA. **The well serving the facility has no treatment at this time.** For current information on monitoring results and treatment, please contact the Public Water System contact person listed above in Table 1.

What is a Protection Area?

A well's water supply protection area is the land around the well where protection activities should be focused. Each well has a Zone I protective radius and an Interim Wellhead Protection Area (IWPA).

- **The Zone I** is the area that should be owned or controlled by the water supplier and limited to water supply activities.
- **The IWPA** is the larger area that is likely to contribute water to the well.

In many instances the IWPA does not include the entire land area that could contribute water to the well. Therefore, the well may be susceptible to contamination from activities outside of the IWPA that are not identified in this report

What is Susceptibility?

Susceptibility is a measure of a well's potential to become contaminated due to land uses and activities within the Zone I and Interim Wellhead Protection Area (IWPA).

2. Discussion of Land Uses in the Protection Areas

There are a number of land uses and activities within the drinking water supply protection areas that are potential sources of contamination.

Key issues include:

There are a number of land uses and activities within the drinking water supply protection areas that are potential sources of contamination.

Key issues include **inappropriate activities in Zone I**.

The overall ranking of susceptibility to contamination for Drilled Well #1 is moderate, based on the presence of at least one moderate threat land use or activity in the IWPA, as seen in Table 2.

Zone I – Currently, Drilled Well #1 does not meet DEP's restrictions, which only allow water supply related activities in Zone Is. The Old Farm Road Water Trust Zone I contains a septic system, a portion of a local road, and driveways. Please note that systems not meeting DEP Zone I requirements must get DEP approval and address Zone I issues prior to increasing water use or modifying systems.

Recommendations:

- ✓ Remove all non-water supply activities from the Zone I to comply with DEP's Zone I requirements.
- ✓ Do not use or store pesticides, fertilizers or road salt within the Zone I.

Implementing the following recommendations will reduce the system's susceptibility to contamination.

3. Protection Recommendations

Implementing protection measures and best management practices (BMPs) will reduce Drilled Well #1's susceptibility to contamination. Old Farm Road Water Trust is commended for providing residents with educational information pertaining to public water supplies. Old Farm Road Water Trust should review and adopt the key recommendations above and the following:

Priority Recommendation:

- ✓ Complete a wellhead protection plan.

Table 2: Table of Activities within the Water Supply Protection Areas

Potential Contaminant Sources	Zone I	IWPA	Threat	Comments
Septic System	Yes	Yes	Moderate	See septic systems brochure in the appendix
Driveways & road	Yes	Yes	Moderate	Limit road salt usage and provide drainage away from wells
Lawn care/gardening	Yes	Yes	Moderate	Provide educational material on BMPs to residents
Storm drains	Yes	Yes	Low	Discharge outside Zone I
Utility transformers	No	Yes	Low	See recommendation under facility management
Structures	Yes	Yes	-	Non-water supply structures in Zone I

For more information on Contaminants of Concern associated with individual facility types and land uses please see the SWAP Draft Land Use / Associated Contaminants Matrix on DEP's website - www.state.ma.us/dep/brp/dws/.

Glossary

Zone I: The area closest to a well; a 100 to 400 foot radius proportional to the well's pumping rate. To determine your Zone I radius, refer to the attached map.

IWPA: A 400 foot to ½ mile radius around a public water supply well proportional to its pumping rate; the area DEP recommends for protection in the absence of a defined Zone I. To determine IWPA radius, refer to the attached map.

Zone II: The primary recharge area defined by a hydrogeologic study.

Aquifer: An underground water-bearing layer of permeable material that will yield water in a usable quantity to a well.

Hydrogeologic Barrier: An underground layer of impermeable material that resists penetration by water.

Recharge Area: The surface area that contributes water to a well.

Zone I:

- ✓ Keep non-water supply activities out of the Zone I.
- ✓ Remove all non-water supply activities from the Zone I to comply with DEP's Zone I requirements. Please note that water systems not meeting DEP Zone I requirements must get DEP approval and address Zone I issues prior to increasing water use or modifying their system.
- ✓ Consider well relocation if Zone I threats cannot be mitigated.
- ✓ Prohibit public access to the well by fencing wellhead, gating access paths, and posting signs.
- ✓ Conduct regular inspections of the Zone I. Look for illegal dumping, evidence of vandalism, etc.
- ✓ Redirect road and driveway drainage in the Zone I away from well.
- ✓ Do not use or store pesticides, fertilizers or road salt within the Zone I.

Training and Education:

- ✓ Train operators on proper hazardous material use, disposal, emergency response, and best management practices.
- ✓ Post drinking water protection area signs at key visibility locations.
- ✓ Develop educational program to teach residents about the hazards associated with lawn care chemicals; implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) for the use of fertilizer, herbicides and pesticides,
- ✓ Provide educational material on proper septic system maintenance.
- ✓ Ensure that stormwater runoff is directed away from the well and is treated according to DEP guidance.
- ✓ Encourage residents to participate in Household Hazardous Waste Collection days or centers.

Facilities Management:

- ✓ Implement standard operating procedures regarding proper storage, use and disposal of hazardous materials. To learn more, see the hazardous materials guidance manual at www.state.ma.us/dep/brp/dws/dwspubs.html.
- ✓ Implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) for the use of fertilizer, herbicides and pesticides on Old Farm Road Water Trust property.
- ✓ Septic system components should be located, inspected, and maintained on a regular basis. Refer to the appendices for more information regarding septic systems.

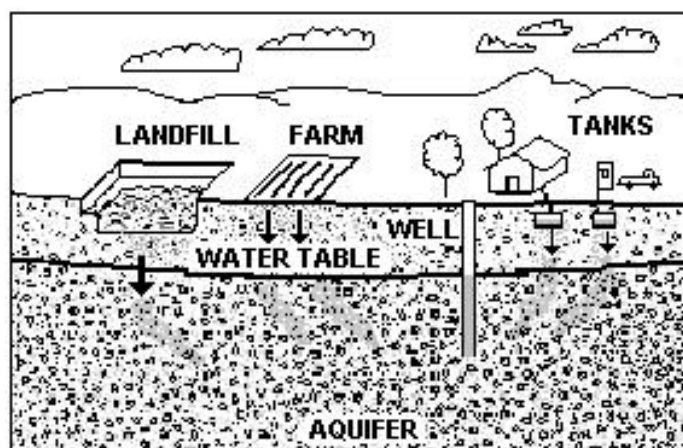


Figure 1: Example of how a well could become contaminated by different land uses and activities.

- ✓ For utility transformers that may contain PCBs, contact the utility to determine if PCBs have been replaced. If PCBs are present, urge their immediate replacement. Keep the area near the transformer free of tree limbs that could endanger the transformer in a storm.

Planning:

- ✓ Work with local officials in Dover in creating a Groundwater Protection District Bylaw that meets current DEP regulations, and include Old Farm Road Water Trust's IWPA to assist you in improving protection.
- ✓ Have a plan to address short-term water shortages and long-term water demands. Keep the phone number of a bottled water company readily available.
- ✓ Supplement the SWAP assessment with additional local information and incorporate it into water supply educational efforts. Use a potential contaminant threat inventory to assist in setting priorities, focusing inspections, and creating educational activities.

Funding:

The Department's Wellhead Grant Protection Program provides funds to assist public water suppliers in addressing Wellhead

For More Information:

Contact Anita Wolovick in DEP's Wilmington Office at (978) 661-7768 for more information and for assistance in improving current protection measures.

More information relating to drinking water and source protection is available on the Drinking Water Program web site at:
www.state.ma.us/dep/brp/dws/

Additional Documents:

To help with source protection efforts, more information is available by request or online at www.state.ma.us/dep/brp/dws/, including:

1. Water Supply Protection Guidance Materials such as model regulations, Best Management Practice information, and general water supply protection information.
2. MA DEP SWAP Strategy
3. Land Use Pollution Potential Matrix
4. Draft Land/Associated Contaminants Matrix

Copies of this assessment have been provided to the public water supplier, town boards, the town library and the local media.

protection through local projects. Protection recommendations discussed in this document may be eligible for funding under the 2001 "Wellhead Protection Grant Program". For additional information, please refer to the attached program fact sheet from last year (Please note: each program year the Department posts a new Request for Response for the Grant program (RFR)).

These recommendations are only part of your ongoing local drinking water source protection. Citizens and community officials should use this SWAP report to spur discussion of local drinking water protection measures.

4. Attachments

- Map of the Public Water Supply (PWS) Protection Area.
- Recommended Source Protection Measures Factsheet
- A Reference Guide for Homeowners: Your Septic System Brochure
- Protecting Groundwater from Pesticides
- Wellhead Protection Grant Program Fact Sheet
- Source Protection Sign Order Form
- Developing a Local Wellhead Protection Plan
- Wellhead Protection Tips For Small Water Systems
- Healthy Lawn/Healthy Environment
- Protecting Water Sources from Fertilizer